

# COMPUTING SEMCLASSICAL QUANTUM DYNAMICS WITH THE HERMAN-KLUK PROPAGATOR

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## Abstract.

Let us consider the Schrödinger equation on  $L^2(\mathbb{R}^d)$  in semiclassical scaling, i.e.

$$(0.1) \quad i\varepsilon \frac{d}{dt} \psi_t = H^\varepsilon \psi_t$$

with a small parameter  $\varepsilon > 0$  and a self-adjoint operator  $H^\varepsilon$ .

The Herman-Kluk propagator is introduced. It is a special case of a global Fourier Integral Operator with complex valued phase. It approximates the unitary propagator associated to (0.1) up to an error of order one in the semiclassical parameter  $\varepsilon$  in the operator norm.

The main goal of my work is to transform the Herman-Kluk propagator to a practical, numerically stable tool for the solution of for the Schrödinger equation.

The talk will be organized as follow. First, the Herman-Kluk propagator and its properties will be introduced. Then, some preliminary considerations of how to solve the underlying ordinary differential equations are made. After that I will present the actual algorithm I propose for the computation of the propagator. Finally, the results are illustrated by numerical experiments.